



JABATAN PELAJARAN WILAYAH PERSEKUTUAN KUALA LUMPUR

PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN

SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA 2008

SKEMA PEMARKAHAN

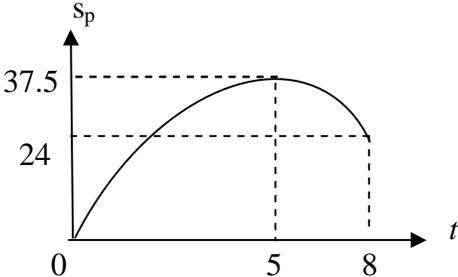
ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS

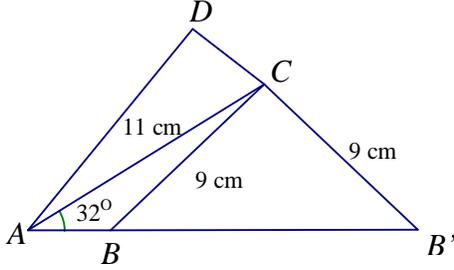
PAPER 2

SECTION A

Question	Solution	Sub Mark	Full Mark
1.	$3r^2 + rs + 6 = 7 \text{ ---(1)}$ $3r + 2s = 7 \text{ -----(2)}$ $s = \frac{7-3r}{2} \text{}$ $3r^2 + r\left(\frac{7-3r}{2}\right) + 6 = 7 \text{}$ $3r^2 + 7r - 2 = 0$ $r = \frac{-(7) \pm \sqrt{(7)^2 - 4(3)(-2)}}{2(3)} \text{}$ $r = 0.257, -2.591 \text{}$ $s = 3.115, 7.387 \text{}$	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>[5]</p>
2.	<p>(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(3-2x)^2(-2) \text{}$</p> <p>$\frac{dy}{dx} = -6 \text{}$</p> <p>$y - 1 = -6(x - 1) \text{}$</p> <p>$y = -6x + 7 \text{}$</p> <p>(b) $l = 2\pi r$</p> <p>(i) $\frac{dl}{dr} = 2\pi$</p> <p>$\frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dr}{dl} \times \frac{dl}{dt}$</p> <p>$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \times (0.2) \text{}$</p> <p>$= 0.03183 \text{ cms}^{-1} \text{}$</p> <p>(ii)</p> <p>Initial $r = \frac{60}{2\pi}$</p> <p>After 5s, $r = \frac{60}{2(3.142)} + 5(0.03183) \text{}$</p> <p>$r = 9.707 \text{}$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>4</p> <p>4</p> <p>[8]</p>

<p>3.</p> <p>(a) $\angle POQ \times 10 = 11.2$ $\angle POQ = 1.12$ radians</p> <p>(b) $\cos 1.12 = \frac{OR}{10}$ $OR = 4.357$ cm $RQ = 5.643$ cm</p> <p>(c) Area of sector POQ – area of $\triangle POR$ – area of quadrant RSQ $= \frac{1}{2} \times 10^2 \times 1.12 - \frac{1}{2} \times (10 \sin 1.12) \times 4.357 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\pi}{2} \times 5.643$ $= 56 - 19.609 - 25.01$ $= 11.38$ cm²</p>		<p>1 1</p> <p>1 1</p> <p>1, 1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>[8]</p>
<p>4.</p> <p>(a) The amount of savings at the end of every year forms a G.P with $a = 5000$ $r = 1.035$</p> <p>$T_n > 6000$ $5000 (1.035)^{n-1} > 6000$ $(1.035)^{n-1} > 1.2$ $(n-1) \log 1.035 > \log 1.2$ $n-1 > 5.30$ $n > 6.3$ $n = 7$</p> <p>(b) $T_{15} = 5000 (1.035)^{14}$ $= 8093.47$</p>		<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>[6]</p>
<p>5.</p> <p>(a)</p> <p>(i) $P(X = 0) = {}^{10}C_0 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^0 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{10}$ $= 0.01734$</p> <p>(ii) $P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X = 0) - P(X = 1)$ $= 1 - 0.01734 - {}^{10}C_1 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^1 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^9$ $= 0.8960$</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{3}(600) = 200$</p> <p>(ii) $\sigma = \sqrt{600 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}$ $= 11.547$</p>		<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>[7]</p>

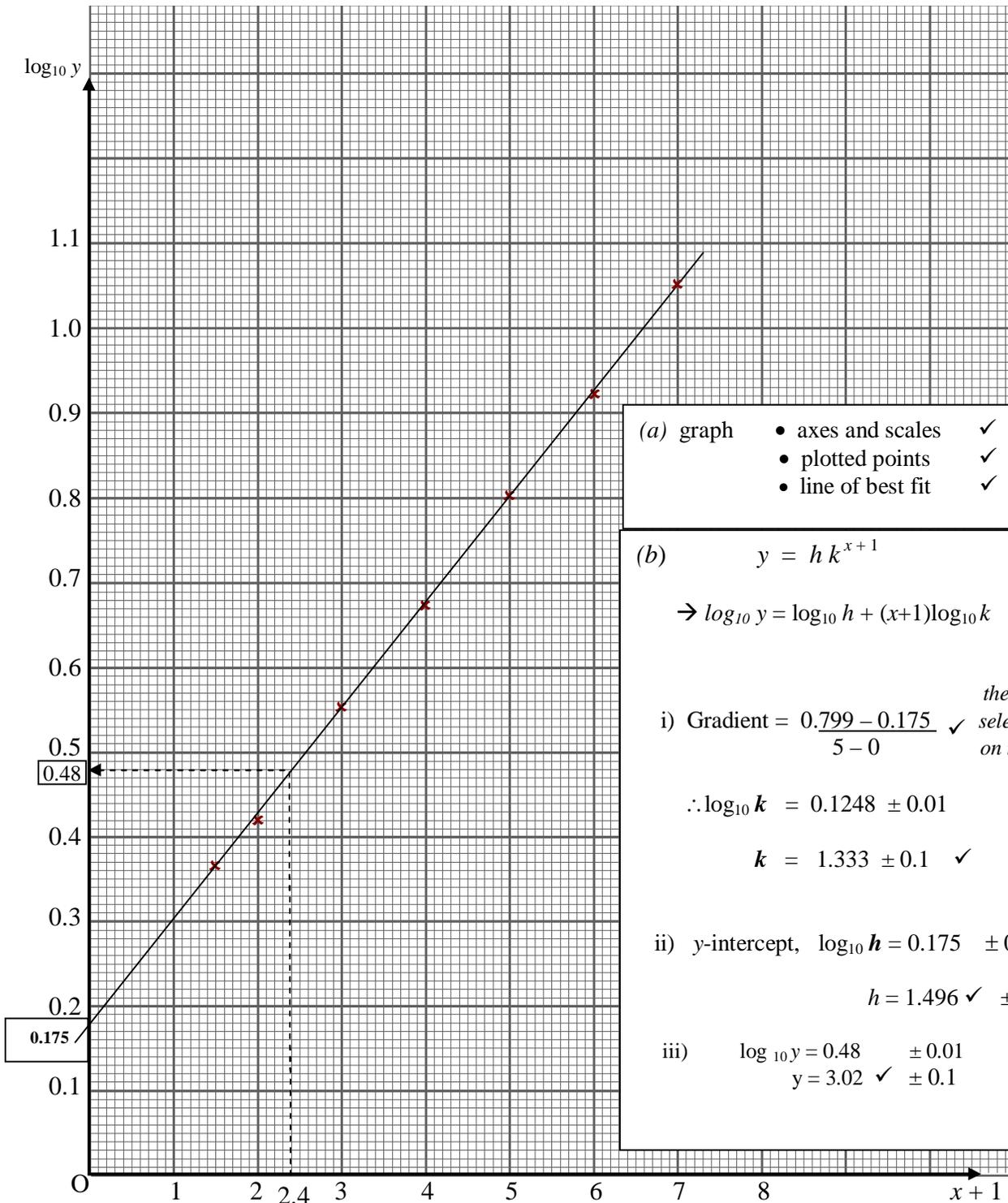
SECTION C			
Question	Solution	Sub Mark	Full Mark
12.	<p>(a) $15 - 3t > 0$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$0 < t < 5$</p> <p>(b) $s = 15t - \frac{3}{2}t^2$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$= 15(5) - \frac{3}{2}(5)^2$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$= 37.5$</p> <p>Particle P reaches B.</p> <p>(c) When $t = 8$, $s = 15(8) - \frac{3}{2}(8)^2$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$s = 24$</p> <p>Total distance travelled $= 2(37.5) - 24$ or $37.5 + (37.5 - 24)$ $= 51$ m</p> <p>(d)</p>  <p>Shape of the curve</p> <p>Critical points (0,0), (5, 37.5), (8, 24).....</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 40px; margin: 0 auto; text-align: center;">10</div>
13.	<p>(a)(i) $\frac{11}{\sin \angle ABC} = \frac{9}{\sin 32^\circ}$</p> <p>.....</p> <p>$\angle ABC = 40.37^\circ$</p> <p>$\angle ABC$ is an obtuse angle</p> <p>$\therefore \angle ABC = 139.63^\circ$ or $139^\circ 38'$</p> <p>(ii) $32.86 = \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 6 \times \sin \angle ACD$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$\angle ACD = 84.72^\circ$ or $84^\circ 43'$</p> <p>(iii) $AD^2 = 11^2 + 6^2 - 2(11)(6)\cos 84.72^\circ$</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">$AD = 12.04$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>7</p>

	<p>b)</p> <p>(i)</p>  <p>$\triangle AB'C$ drawn</p> <p>(ii) Area of $\triangle AB'C = \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 9 \times \sin 107.63^\circ$</p> <p>$= 47.18 \text{ cm}^2$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>3</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">10</div>
14.	Refer to the attachment on page 9.		
15.	<p>(a) (i) $x = \text{RM}1.20$</p> <p>(ii) $y = 160$</p> <p>(iii) $z = \text{RM}5.40$</p> <p>(b)</p> $\bar{I} = \frac{175(14) + 125(18) + 160(16) + 135(19) + 110(13)}{14 + 18 + 16 + 19 + 13}$ <p>$\bar{I} = 140.7$</p> <p>(c) $\frac{\text{Expenditure 2004}}{684} \times 100 = 140.7$</p> <p>Expenditure 2004 = RM962.39</p> <p>(d) $\bar{I}_{2007/2000} = \frac{115}{100} \times 140.7$</p> <p>$= 161.8$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1,1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">10</div>

QUESTION 7

$x + 1$	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7
$\log_{10} y$	0.362	0.415	0.550	0.672	0.799	0.919	1.049

At least 2 decimal places ✓ 1



- (a) graph
- axes and scales ✓ 1
 - plotted points ✓ 2
 - line of best fit ✓ 1 (5)

(b) $y = h k^{x+1}$

$\rightarrow \log_{10} y = \log_{10} h + (x+1)\log_{10} k$ ✓ 1

i) Gradient = $\frac{0.799 - 0.175}{5 - 0}$ ✓ *the two points selected must lie on the graph* 1

$\therefore \log_{10} k = 0.1248 \pm 0.01$

$k = 1.333 \pm 0.1$ ✓ 1

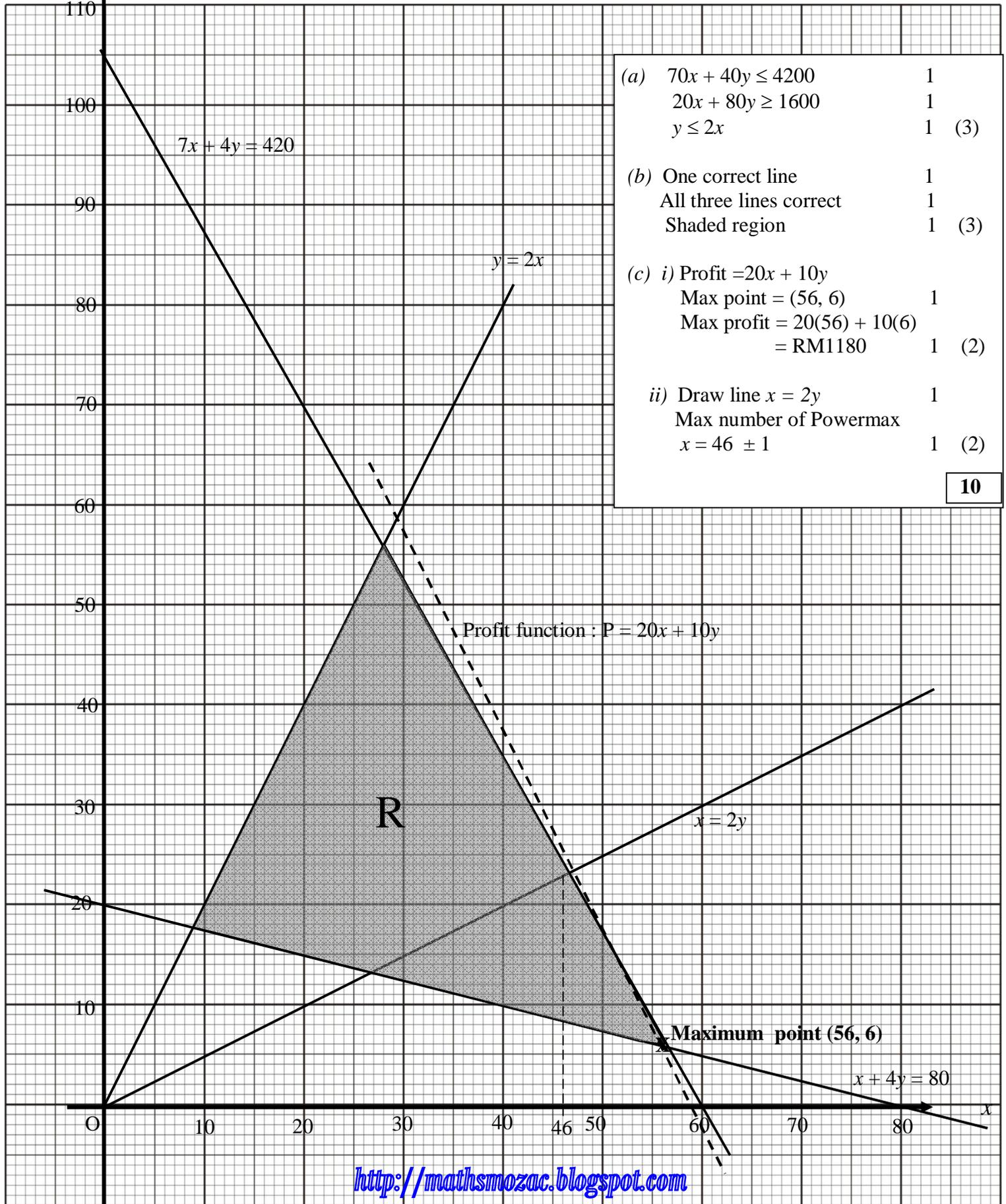
ii) y-intercept, $\log_{10} h = 0.175 \pm 0.01$

$h = 1.496 \pm 0.1$ ✓ 1

iii) $\log_{10} y = 0.48 \pm 0.01$
 $y = 3.02 \pm 0.1$ ✓ 1

(5)
[10]

Question 14



- | | | |
|--------|-------------------------------|-------|
| (a) | $70x + 40y \leq 4200$ | 1 |
| | $20x + 80y \geq 1600$ | 1 |
| | $y \leq 2x$ | 1 (3) |
| (b) | One correct line | 1 |
| | All three lines correct | 1 |
| | Shaded region | 1 (3) |
| (c) i) | Profit = $20x + 10y$ | |
| | Max point = (56, 6) | 1 |
| | Max profit = $20(56) + 10(6)$ | |
| | = RM1180 | 1 (2) |
| ii) | Draw line $x = 2y$ | 1 |
| | Max number of Powermax | |
| | $x = 46 \pm 1$ | 1 (2) |

10